Breast Cancer Screening (BCS-E)



BCS-E Measure Overview

The percentage of members 50-74 years of age who were recommended for routine breast cancer screening and had a mammogram to screen for breast cancer.

The following notations are examples of acceptable documentation for BCS-E:

- · All types and methods of mammograms qualify for numerator compliance (screening, diagnostic, film, digital, or digital tomosynthesis).
- · Provider type is not specified for BCS-E, and acceptable screening documentation can come from any provider caring for the member.
- · Member reported results are acceptable if they are specific and include the date and procedure completed.
- A result is NOT required if the screening documentation is clearly part of the member's medical history. It is assumed the result is negative unless otherwise noted.
- A documented mammogram that has a date specific enough to support compliance within the lookback period anywhere in the medical record.
- · Report indicating the date and type of screening completed.
- · Mastectomy must either be a right and left unilateral or a bilateral mastectomy to count towards the exclusion.

The following notations are examples of documentation that is **not acceptable** for BCS-E:

- · Medical record documentation that does not specify the date.
- $\cdot \ \ \text{Medical record documentation or a report that is not definitive regarding the screening completed}.$
- · Breast biopsy, ultrasound, or MRI as these are not considered appropriate screening methods.
- · Screening performed before age 50 or after 74 years of age.

Compliant Chart Examples

The following chart examples show acceptable documentation for the BCS-E measure:

Evidence of date and result in member EHR - The following example is a shared EMR. The screening is a digital tomosynthesis and the date indicates that it was completed in the acceptable timeframe.

Narrative | Performed at ABC Radiology | Interpretation Location: ABC Radiology | Date: 08/18/2024 | Comparisons: 07/28/2021

HPI: Patient is here for routine breast cancer screening. | Indication for Examination: 56 Years Female Screening

Technique: Digital Screening 3-D tomosynthesis MLO and CC imaging was performed. 2D C-View MLO and CC images were reconstructed from the 3D data. CAN was applied in the digital domain using the R2 Image Checker.

Breast Composition: There are scattered areas of fibro glandular density | **Findings:** No suspicious masses, architectural distortion, or calcifications identified. Benign-appearing calcifications are noted.

Impression: No mammographic evidence for malignancy

Non-Compliant Chart Examples

The following chart examples show unacceptable documentation for the BCS-E measure:

Missing Date of Result - The following example is from a Health Information Exchange (HIE). Data sources which do not specify the date of the screening are unacceptable.

Patient Name: S. Johnson | DOB: 09/27/1966 | Visit Date: 08/07/MY

Reason for Visit: Sick Visit

Vitals: Wt. 145, BMI: 24.7, BP Systolic: 122, BP Diastolic: 74, HR: 92

HPI: Patient is here for follow up of bronchitis. Also discussed patient is due for a mammogram. Mammogram ordered.

Closing BCS-E Care Gaps - When Talking to Members

- · Help members schedule their routine breast cancer screenings.
- · Assess transportation limitations and assist members if necessary.
- · Educate members on importance of routine screenings including mammograms.
- · Offer breast cancer screening events if available in the market.

Description	Codes*		
Mammogram		CPT: 77061–77063, 77065–77067 ICD-10 (bilateral mastectomy): Z90.13	
	SNOMED: 836381000000102 1106021000000101 1106641000000102 1106651000000104 1106661000000101	1111381000000105 1111411000000107 1111421000000101 1111791000000108	
Palliative Care Encounter	HCPCS: G9054, M1017		