

## Clinical Policy: Evoked Potential Testing

Reference Number: PA.CP.MP.134

Plan Effective Date: 09/18 Date of Last Revision: 10/2024 **Coding Implications** 

### **Description**

Types of evoked potentials include somatosensory, brainstem auditory, visual and motor. Sensory evoked potentials evaluate electrical activity in the nervous system in response to stimulation of specific nerve pathways. Monitoring of neurophysiologic evoked potentials intraoperatively helps prevent neurologic injury during neurological, orthopedic, and other types of surgeries. This policy describes the medically necessary indications for neurophysiologic evoked potentials.

### Policy/Criteria

- **I.** It is the policy of PA Health & Wellness (PHW)<sup>®</sup> that evoked potential testing is **medically necessary** for the following indications:
  - A. Somatosensory Evoked Potentials Testing
    - 1. Aid in the evaluation of prognosis of acute anoxic encephalopathy, within the initial 72 hours of onset (e.g. after cardiac arrest);
    - 2. Assessment of a decline in status which may warrant emergent surgery in unconscious spinal cord injury patients who show specific structural damage to the somatosensory system, and who are candidates for emergency spinal cord surgery;
    - 3. Aid in the diagnosis of multiple sclerosis;
    - 4. Aid in the assessment of coma following traumatic, hypoxic-ischemic, and other diffuse brain injuries;
    - 5. Assessment of central nervous system deficiency identified on clinical exam when not explained by appropriate imaging studies;
    - 6. Management of conditions causing spinocerebellar degeneration, such as Friedreich's ataxia or peripheral nerve degeneration (e.g. diabetic neuropathy);
    - 7. Intraoperative monitoring during surgeries that may affect neural structures;

#### B. Brainstem Auditory Evoked Potential Testing

- 1. Assessment of brainstem function (e.g. during tumor infiltration of the brainstem and after a lesion has been surgically removed);
- 2. Diagnosis and monitoring of demyelinating and degenerative diseases affecting the brain stem such as multiple sclerosis, central pontine myelinolysis, and olivopontocerebellar degeneration;
- 3. Diagnosis of lesions in the auditory system (e.g., acoustic neuroma);
- 4. Aid in the evaluation of prognosis in coma within the initial 72 hours of onset, excluding evaluation of brain death;
- 5. Screening for hearing loss of infants and preverbal children or children with developmental delay or intellectual disability;
- 6. Intraoperative monitoring during surgeries that may affect neural structures;

#### C. Visual Evoked Potential Testing

1. Diagnosis and monitoring of optic nerve function and/or during demyelinating disorders of the optic nerve (e.g., multiple sclerosis, optic neuritis);



- 2. Assessment of suspected disorder of the optic nerve, optic chiasm or pre-optic chiasmic radiations (visual evoked potentials are not useful for post-chiasmic disease);
- 3. Evaluation of visual loss in those unable to communicate.
- II. It is the policy of PHW<sup>®</sup> that somatosensory evoked potentials, motor evoked potentials using transcranial electrical stimulation, and brainstem auditory evoked potentials are **medically necessary** during intracranial, orthopedic, spinal, and vascular surgeries.
- **III.** It is the policy of PHW<sup>®</sup> that there is insufficient evidence in the published peer-reviewed literature to support evoked potential testing for the following indications:
  - A. Intraoperative monitoring of visual evoked potentials;
  - B. Motor evoked potentials from transcranial magnetic stimulation.
- **IV.** It is the policy of PHW<sup>®</sup> that evoked potential testing is **not medically necessary** for the following indications:
  - A. Motor evoked potentials for non-operative monitoring;
  - B. Visual evoked potentials, any of the following:
    - 1. Glaucoma or glaucoma suspect;
    - 2. Amblyopia;
    - 3. Diabetes:
  - C. For the evaluation/assessment of all other conditions than those specified above.

#### **Background**

Sensory evoked potentials provide electrical recordings of afferent and efferent networks within the central and peripheral nervous systems in response to specific stimulation. These sophisticated tests facilitate the diagnosis of nerve damage or locate the specific site of nerve damage. There are several types of evoked potentials, including sensory evoked potentials and motor evoked potentials. Examples of sensory evoked potentials include somatosensory, brainstem auditory, and visual evoked potentials. Somatosensory evoked potentials generate sensory information from peripheral nerve stimulation. Brainstem auditory evoked potentials are created in response to aural cues and are evaluated at the brainstem and posterior fossa. Visual evoked potentials provide information regarding conduction within the visual pathway, including the retino-striate conduction time. Motor evoked potentials are elicited by electrical or magnetic stimulation of the motor cortex or spinal cord.

Intraoperative monitoring of neurophysiologic responses involves the electrophysiologic measurement of myogenic and neural responses during surgeries. These measurements and testing are in response to controlled and modality-specific stimulation. According to the American Speech Language Hearing Association's Position Statement on Intraoperative Monitoring, the primary objectives of intraoperative monitoring include: (1) to avoid intraoperative injury to neural structures; (2) to facilitate specific stages of the surgical procedure; (3) to reduce the risk of permanent postoperative neurological injury; and (4) to assist the surgeon in identifying specific neural structures.<sup>2</sup>



The American Academy of Neurology published an assessment of intraoperative neurophysiologic monitoring with an evidence-based guideline update in 2012.<sup>3</sup> This guideline specifically addressed whether spinal cord intraoperative monitoring with somatosensory and motor evoked potentials predict adverse surgical outcomes. All studies that met inclusion criteria were consistent in showing all occurrences of paraparesis, paraplegia, and quadriplegia in the intraoperative monitoring of patients with evoked potential changes, and showed no occurrences of paraparesis, paraplegia, and quadriplegia in patients without evoked potential changes.<sup>3</sup> Thus, intraoperative neurophysiologic monitoring provides operating teams with information regarding increased risk of severe adverse neurologic outcomes. Furthermore, the American Society of Clinical Neurophysiology has published specific guidelines on an array of specifications, including the amplifier, safety, filtering, calibration, replication, and interpretation of results.<sup>4</sup>

### **Coding Implications**

This clinical policy references Current Procedural Terminology (CPT®). CPT® is a registered trademark of the American Medical Association. All CPT codes and descriptions are copyrighted 2023, American Medical Association. All rights reserved. CPT codes and CPT descriptions are from the current manuals and those included herein are not intended to be all-inclusive and are included for informational purposes only. Codes referenced in this clinical policy are for informational purposes only. Inclusion or exclusion of any codes does not guarantee coverage. Providers should reference the most up-to-date sources of professional coding guidance prior to the submission of claims for reimbursement of covered services.

CPT® Codes	Description
92652	Auditory evoked potentials; for threshold estimation at multiple frequencies, with interpretation and report
92653	Auditory evoked potentials; neurodiagnostic, with interpretation and report
95925	Short–latency somatosensory evoked potential study, stimulation of any/all peripheral nerves or skin sites, recording from the central nervous system; in upper limbs
95926	Short–latency somatosensory evoked potential study, stimulation of any/all peripheral nerves or skin sites, recording from the central nervous system; in lower limbs
95927	Short–latency somatosensory evoked potential study, stimulation of any/all peripheral nerves or skin sites, recording from the central nervous system; in the trunk or head
95928	Central motor evoked potential study (transcranial motor stimulation); upper limbs
95929	Central motor evoked potential study (transcranial motor stimulation); lower limbs
95930	Visual evoked potential (VEP) testing central nervous system, checkerboard or flash testing, central nervous system except glaucoma, with interpretation and report.
95938	Short–latency somatosensory evoked potential study, stimulation of any/all peripheral nerves or skin sites, recording from the central nervous system; in upper and lower limbs



95939	Central motor evoked potential study (transcranial motor stimulation), in upper and lower limbs
0333T	Visual evoked potential, screening of visual acuity, automated

ICD-10-CM Diagnosis Codes that Support Coverage Criteria

ICD-10-CM Diagnosis Codes that Support Coverage Criteria			
ICD-10-CM Code	Description		
A17.0-A17.89	Tuberculosis of nervous system		
A39.82	Meningococcal retrobulbar neuritis		
C30.1	Malignant neoplasm of middle ear		
C41.0	Malignant neoplasm of bones of skull and face		
C41.2	Malignant neoplasm of vertebral column		
C70.0-C70.9	Malignant neoplasm of meninges		
C71.0-C71.9	Malignant neoplasm of brain		
C72.0-C72.9	Malignant neoplasm of spinal cord, cranial nerves and other parts of the		
	central nervous system		
C79.31-C79.32	Secondary malignant neoplasm of brain and cerebral meninges		
C79.49	Secondary malignant neoplasm of other parts of nervous system		
D02.3	Carcinoma in situ of other parts of respiratory system		
D14.0	Benign neoplasm of middle ear, nasal cavity and accessory sinus		
D16.6	Benign neoplasm of vertebral column		
D18.02	Hemangioma of intracranial structures		
D32.0-D32.9	Benign neoplasm of meninges		
D33.0-D33.9	Benign neoplasm of brain and other parts of central nervous system		
D38.5	Neoplasm of uncertain behavior of other respiratory organs		
D42.0-D42.9	Neoplasm of uncertain behavior of meninges		
D43.0-D43.9	Neoplasm of uncertain behavior of brain and central nervous system		
D44.3	Neoplasm of uncertain behavior of pituitary gland		
D44.4	Neoplasm of uncertain behavior of craniopharyngeal duct		
D44.5	Neoplasm of uncertain behavior of pineal gland		
D49.1	Neoplasm of unspecified behavior of respiratory system		
D49.6	Neoplasm of unspecified behavior of brain		
E08.40	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with diabetic neuropathy, unspecified		
E08.41	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with diabetic mononeuropathy		
E08.42			
E08.43	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with diabetic polyneuropathy		
EU8.43	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with diabetic autonomic (poly)neuropathy		
E08.44	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with diabetic amyotrophy		
E08.49	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with diabetic amyotrophy  Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with other diabetic		
E00.49			
E71.520	neurological complication Childhood cerebral X-linked adrenoleukodystrophy		
E71.521	Adolescent X-linked adrenoleukodystrophy		
E71.521	Adolescent A-linked adrenoleukodystropny  Adrenomyeloneuropathy		
E71.528	Other X-linked adrenoleukodystrophy		
E71.528			
E/1.329	X-linked adrenoleukodystrophy, unspecified type		



ICD-10-CM Code	Description
G06.0-G06.2	Intracranial and intraspinal abscess and granuloma
G11.10	Early-onset cerebellar ataxia, unspecified
G11.11	Friedreich ataxia
G11.19	Other early-onset cerebellar ataxia
G23.0	Hallervorden-Spatz disease
G23.1	Progressive supranuclear ophthalmoplegia (Steele-Richardson-Olszewski)
G23.2	Striatonigral degeneration
G23.8	Other specified degenerative diseases of basal ganglia
G31.89	Other specified degenerative diseases of nervous system
G31.9	Degenerative disease of nervous system, unspecified
G35	Multiple sclerosis
G36.0-G36.9	Other acute disseminated demyelination
G37.0-G37.9	Other demyelinating diseases of central nervous system
G50.0-G50.9	Disorders of trigeminal nerve
G52.0-G52.9	Disorders of other cranial nerves
G54.0	Brachial plexus disorders
G54.1	Lumbosacral plexus disorders
G54.2	Cervical root disorders, not elsewhere classified
G54.3	Thoracic root disorders, not elsewhere classified
G54.4	Lumbosacral root disorders, not elsewhere classified
G90.3	Multi-system degeneration of the autonomic nervous system
G90.8	Other disorders of autonomic nervous system
G90.9	Disorder of the autonomic nervous system, unspecified
G93.0	Cerebral cysts
G93.1	Anoxic brain damage, not elsewhere classified
G93.5	Compression of the brain
G95.9	Disease of spinal cord, unspecified
G96.89	Other specified disorders of central nervous system
H35.54	Dystrophies primarily involving the retinal pigment epithelium
H46.0-H46.9	Optic neuritis
H47.011-H47.649	Other disorders of optic (2nd) nerve and visual pathways
H53.001 – H53.9	Visual disturbances
H54.3	Unqualified visual loss, both eyes
H54.60-H54.62	Unqualified visual loss, one eye
H81.01 – H81.09	Meniere's disease
H81.391 –	Other peripheral vertigo
H81.399	
H81.4	Vertigo of central origin
H90.0-H90.72	Conductive and sensorineural hearing loss
H91.01-H91.93	Other and unspecified hearing loss
H93.3x1 –	Disorders of acoustic nerve
H93.3x9	
I60.00-I60.8	Nontraumatic subarachnoid hemorrhage
I61.0-I61.8	Nontraumatic intracerebral hemorrhage



ICD-10-CM Code	Description
I62.00-I62.1	Other and unspecified nontraumatic intracranial hemorrhage
I63.00-I63.9	Cerebral infarction
I65.01-I65.9	Occlusion and stenosis of precerebral arteries, not resulting in cerebral
103.01-103.7	infarction
I66.01-I66.9	Occlusion and stenosis of cerebral arteries, not resulting in cerebral
100.01 100.9	infarction
I67.0-I67.7	Other cerebral vascular diseases
I71.00-I71.9	Aortic aneurysm and dissection
I72.0	Aneurysm of carotid artery
I77.71	Dissection of carotid artery
I77.74	Dissection of vertebral artery
M40.00-M40.57	Kyphosis and lordosis
M41.00- M41.9	Scoliosis
M43.00-M43.09	Spondylolysis
M43.10-M43.19	Spondylolisthesis
M47.011-M47.9	Spondylosis
M48.00-M48.08	Spinal stenosis
M50.00-M50.93	Cervical disc disorders
M51.04-M51.9	Thoracic, thoracolumbar, and lumbosacral intervertebral disc disorders
P10.0-P10.9	Intracranial laceration and hemorrhage due to birth injury
P11.0-P11.9	Other birth injuries to central nervous system
P14.0-P14.9	Birth injury to peripheral nervous system
Q01.0-Q01.9	Encephalocele
Q04.0-Q04.9	Other congenital malformations of brain
Q05.0-Q05.9	Spina bifida
Q07.00-Q07.03	Arnold –Chiari syndrome
Q28.0-Q28.9	Other congenital malformations of circulatory systems
Q76.2	Congenital spondylolisthesis
Q85.00-Q85.09	Phakomatoses, not elsewhere classified
R40.20-R40.2444	Coma
R44.1	Visual hallucinations
R48.3	Visual agnosia
R94.110 – R94.138	Abnormal results of function studies of peripheral nervous system and
	special senses
S02.0XX-	Fracture of skull and facial bones
S02.42X (add 7 <sup>th</sup>	
digit A-S)	
S04.011-S04.9XX	Injury of optic nerve and pathways
(add 7th digit A-S)	
S06.0X0 through	Intracranial injury
S06.899 (add 7th	
digit A through S)	



ICD-10-CM Code	Description
S07.0XX -	Crushing injury of head
S07.9XX (add 7th	
digit A-S)	
S12.000 -S12.9XX	Fracture of cervical vertebrae and other parts of the neck
(add 7th digit A-S)	
S14.0XX-	Injury of nerves and spinal cord at neck level
S14.9XX (add 7th	
digit A-S)	
S22.000 -S22.089	Fracture of thoracic vertebrae
(add 7th digit A-S)	
S24.101-	Other and unspecified injuries of thoracic spinal cord
S24.9XX(add 7th	
digit A-S)	
S34.01X -	Injury of lumbar and sacral spinal cord and nerves at abdomen, lower back
S34.9XX (add 7th	and pelvis level
digit A-S)	
Z01.110	Encounter for hearing examination following failed hearing screening
Z08	Encounter for follow-up examination after completed treatment for
	malignant neoplasm
Z87.710-Z87.798	Personal history of (corrected) congenital malformations

Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Revision Date	Approval Date
Policy Developed	09/18	10/18
References reviewed and updated. Codes reviewed.	12/18	
Annual Review. References reviewed and updated. Codes reviewed.	10/19	
Removed age limit in I.B.6 and replaced with "infants and preverbal children or children with developmental delay or intellectual disability." ICD-10 codes deleted in 2019: H81.41, H81.42,H81.43, H81.49. Minor language update in description and criteria. SSEP (I.A.): Added time- frame for evaluation of prognosis during acute anoxic encephalopathy; removed evaluation of brain death; removed assessment of CNS deficiency and localization of the cause of neurologic deficits as inclusive to assessment of CNS deficiency noted in I.A.5. Added peripheral nerve degeneration to I.A.7. BAEP (I.B) Removed indication "testing in acquired metabolic function"; added "during tumor infiltration to the brainstem" to assessment of brainstem function; Added acoustic neuroma as an example of lesion of auditory system; Added evaluation of prognosis during coma within the initial 72 hours of coma onset as an indication. VEP (I.C.) Added examples of demyelinating disorders; Added assessment of pre-optic chiasmic radiations to criteria. Added ICD-10 codes: E08.40, E08.41, E08.42, E08.43, E08.44, E08.49, E71.520, E71.521, E71.522, E71.528, E71.529, G31.89, G31.9, G90.8, G90.9,	10/20	12/2020



Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Revision Date	Approval Date
H46.0-H46.9, H54.3, H54.60- H54.7. Deleted the following ICD-10		
codes: G93.6, G93.82, R40.2, R40.3, R42, R47.01.		
Reorganized section IV and added indications when visual evoked		
potentials are not medically necessary. Revised IV.C, "Treatment of all other conditions than those specified above" to		
"evaluation/assessment of all other conditions" Added additional		
ICD 10 codes A39.82 H35.54, R44.1 and R48.3 as supporting		
medical necessity. Removed code H54.7 from list of medically		
necessary codes. ICD-10 code updates, 1-/20: Replaced G11.1 with		
G11.10 and revised description. Added subcategories G11.11 and		
G11.19. Replaced G96.8 with G96.89. References reviewed and		
updated. Specialist reviewed.		
CPT code 92585 deleted 1/1/21. Added replacement CPT codes	07/30/2021	08/09/2021
92652 and 92653. "Experimental/investigational" verbiage replaced		
with descriptive language in in policy statement III. References		
reviewed and updated. Specialist reviewed	12/22/2021	
Annual review completed. Minor typo corrections. Changed "review date" in the header to "date of last revision" and "date" in the	12/22/2021	
revision log header to "revision date." References reviewed, updated,		
and reformatted. Coding reviewed and updated. Removed		
intraoperative CPT codes 95940, 95941, and HCPCS code G0453.		
Annual review. References reviewed and updated. Specialist	12/8/2022	
reviewed.		
Annual review. Added new 2023 ICD-10 codes to S06 code range.	09/2023	02/2024
References reviewed and updated. Reviewed by external specialist.		
Annual review. Minor rewording in background with no impact to	10/2024	
criteria. References reviewed and updated.		

#### References

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