Finerenone



Clinical Policy: Finerenone (Kerendia)

Reference Number: PA.CP.PMN.266 Effective Date: 10/2021 Last Review Date: 10/2024

Description

Finerenone (Kerendia[®]) is a non-steroidal mineralocorticoid receptor antagonist.

FDA Approved Indication(s)

Kerendia is indicated to reduce the risk of sustained estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) decline, end stage kidney disease, cardiovascular death, non-fatal myocardial infarction, and hospitalization for heart failure in adult patients with chronic kidney disease (CKD) associated with type 2 diabetes (T2D).

Policy/Criteria

Provider must submit documentation (such as office chart notes, lab results or other clinical information) supporting that member has met all approval criteria.

It is the policy of PA Health & Wellness[®] that Kerendia is **medically necessary** when the following criteria are met:

I. Initial Approval Criteria

- A. Chronic Kidney Disease (must meet all):
 - 1. Diagnosis of both of the following (a and b):
 - a. CKD;
 - b. T2D;
 - 2. Age \geq 18 years;
 - 3. Both of the following (a and b):
 - a. $eGFR \ge 25 \text{ mL/min}/1.73 \text{ m}^2$;
 - b. Urine albumin creatinine ratio (UACR) \geq 30 mg/g;
 - 4. One of the following (a or b):
 - a. Member is currently receiving a preferred sodium-glucose co-transporter 2 (SGLT2) inhibitor (see *Appendix B* for examples);
 - b. Failure of \geq 3 consecutive months of a preferred SGLT2 inhibitor, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
 - 5. Member is currently receiving an angiotensin converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitor or angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) at maximally tolerated doses for \geq 4 weeks, unless clinically significant adverse effects are experienced or all are contraindicated;
 - 6. Dose does not exceed both of the following (a and b):
 - a. 20 mg per day;
 - b. 1 tablet per day.

Approval duration: 12 months

B. Other diagnoses/indications

1. Refer to the off-label use policy if diagnosis is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized): PA.CP.PMN.53



II. Continued Therapy

A. Chronic Kidney Disease (must meet all):

- 1. Currently receiving medication via PA Health & Wellness benefit and documentation supports positive response to therapy or the Continuity of Care policy (PA.PHARM.01) applies;
- 2. Member is responding positively to therapy;
- 3. If request is for a dose increase, new dose does not exceed both of the following (a and b):
 - a. 20 mg per day;
 - b. 1 tablet per day.

Approval duration: 12 months

B. Other diagnoses/indications (must meet 1 or 2):

1. Currently receiving medication via PA Health & Wellness benefit and documentation supports positive response to therapy or the Continuity of Care policy (PA.PHARM.01) applies.

Approval duration: Duration of request or 12 months (whichever is less); or

2. Refer to the off-label use policy if diagnosis is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized): PA.CP.PMN.53

III. Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized:

A. Non-FDA approved indications, which are not addressed in this policy, unless there is sufficient documentation of efficacy and safety according to the off label use policies – PA.CP.PMN.53

IV. Appendices/General Information

Appendix A: Abbreviation/Acronym Key ACE: angiotensin converting enzyme ARB: angiotensin receptor blocker CKD: chronic kidney disease eGFR: estimated glomerular filtration rate

FDA: Food and Drug Administration SGLT2: sodium-glucose co-transporter 2 T2D: type 2 diabetes UACR: urine albumin creatinine ratio

Appendix B: Therapeutic Alternatives

This table provides a listing of preferred alternative therapy recommended in the approval criteria. The drugs listed here may not be a formulary agent and may require prior authorization.

| Drug Name | Dosing Regimen | Dose Limit/ Maximum Dose |
|-----------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|
| ACE inhibitors | | |
| captopril | Initially, 6.25 mg PO 3 times daily, then | 450 mg/day |
| (Capoten [®]) | increase to 50 mg PO 3 times daily if tolerated. | |
| enalapril (Vasotec [®] , | Initially, 2.5 mg PO twice daily, then increase | 40 mg/day |
| Epaned [®]) | to 10 to 20 mg PO twice daily if tolerated. | |
| fosinopril | Initially, 5 to 10 mg PO once daily, then | 80 mg/day |
| (Monopril [®]) | increase to 40 mg/day if tolerated. | |

CLINICAL POLICY Finerenone



| Drug Name | Dosing Regimen | Dose Limit/ Maximum Dose |
|---|---|-----------------------------|
| lisinopril (Prinivil [®] , | Initially, 2.5 to 5 mg PO once daily, then | 80 mg/day |
| Zestril [®] , Qbrelis [®]) | increase to 20 to 40 mg/day if tolerated. | |
| perindopril | Initially, 4 mg PO once daily for 2 weeks, then | 16 mg/day |
| (Aceon [®]) | increase to 8 mg PO once daily if tolerated. | |
| quinapril | Initially, 5 mg PO twice daily, then increase to | 80 mg/day |
| (Accupril [®]) | 20 mg PO twice daily of tolerated. | |
| ramipril (Altace [®]) | Initially, 2.5 mg PO once daily. Gradually | 20 mg/day |
| | titrate to 5 mg/day PO, then increase if | |
| | tolerated to the target dosage of 10 mg/day PO, | |
| | given in 1 to 2 divided doses. | |
| trandolapril | Initially, 1 mg PO once daily, then increase to | 8 mg/day |
| (Mavik [®]) | 4 mg/day if tolerated. | |
| ARBs | | |
| candesartan | Initially, 4 to 8 mg PO once daily, then | 32 mg/day |
| (Atacand [®]) | increase to 32 mg/day if tolerated. | |
| losartan (Cozaar [®]) | Initially, 25 to 50 mg PO once daily, then | 100 mg/day |
| | increase to 50 to 150 mg/day if tolerated. | |
| telmisartan | 80 mg PO once daily | 80 mg/day |
| (Micardis [®]) | | |
| valsartan (Diovan [®]) | Initially, 20 to 40 mg PO twice daily, then | 320 mg/day |
| | increase dose to 160 mg PO twice daily if | |
| | tolerated. | |
| SGLT2 Inhibitors | | |
| Farxiga [®] | 10 mg PO QD | 10 mg/day |
| (dapagliflozin) | | |
| Jardiance® | 10-25 mg PO QD | 25 mg/day |
| (empagliflozin) | 25 mg only if eGFR \geq 30mL/minute/1.73m ² | |
| Invokana® | 100 mg-300 mg PO QD | 300 mg/day |
| (canagliflozin) | 300 mg only if eGFR \geq 60mL/minute/1.73m ² | |

Therapeutic alternatives are listed as Brand name[®] (generic) when the drug is available by brand name only and generic (Brand name[®]) when the drug is available by both brand and generic.

Appendix C: Contraindications/Boxed Warnings

- Contraindication(s): concomitant use with strong CYP3A4 inhibitors, adrenal insufficiency
- Boxed warning(s): none

V. Dosage and Administration

| Indication | Dosing Regimen | Maximum Dose |
|------------|--|--------------|
| CKD | 10 mg or 20 mg PO QD based on eGFR and serum | 20 mg/day |
| associated | potassium thresholds. Increase to target dose of 20 mg | |
| with T2D | PO QD after 4 weeks based on eGFR and serum | |
| | potassium thresholds. | |



VI. Product Availability

Tablets: 10 mg, 20 mg

VII. References

- 1. Kerendia Prescribing Information. Whippany, NJ: Bayer HealthCare Pharmaceuticals Inc.; July 2021. Available at: https://www.kerendia-us.com/. Accessed July 19, 2024.
- Kidney Disease: Improving Global Outcomes (KDIGO) CKD Work Group. KDIGO 2022 Clinical Practice Guideline for Diabetes Management in Chronic Kidney Disease. Kidney Int. 2022;102(5S):S1-S127
- 3. Bakris GL, Agarwal R, Anker SD, et al. Effect of finerenone on chronic kidney disease outcomes in type 2 diabetes. N Engl J Med. 2020 Dec;383(23):2219-2229.
- 4. de Boer IH, Khunti K, Sadusky T, et al. Diabetes management in chronic kidney disease: a consensus report by the American Diabetes Association (ADA) and Kidney Disease: Improving Global Outcomes (KDIGO). Kidney Int. 2022;102(5):974-989.
- 5. American Diabetes Association Professional Practice Committee.. Standards of Care in Diabetes-2024. Diabetes Care. 2024;47(Suppl 1):S1-S321.

| Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals | Date |
|--|---------|
| Policy created | 10/2021 |
| 4Q 2022 annual review: added redirection to SGLT inhibitor per American | 10/2022 |
| Diabetes Association guideline; references reviewed and updated. | |
| 4Q 2023 annual review: no significant changes; references reviewed and | 10/2023 |
| updated. | |
| 4Q 2024 annual review: for initial criteria, added concurrent SGLT inhibitor | 10/2024 |
| use as an option to failure of an SGLT2 inhibitor per guidelines; references | |
| reviewed and updated. | |